

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Neutralization Buffer; part of 'Ab Buffer Kit'

Catalogue Number28903059Other means of identification
Product typeNot available.
Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry. Laboratory chemicals Scientific research and development Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Laboratory use. Scientific research and development.

Supplier

Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313 Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053 Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 19.8%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor.
	Causes skin irritation.
	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.

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Response	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.
Section 3. Composition	on/information on ingredients
Substance/mixture	Mixture

Other means of identification	Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not applicable.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
ethanol		20	64-17-5
trometamol		<20	77-86-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most important symptoms/effect	s, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.

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No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for conta	inment and cleaning up		
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits				
ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Notes: TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1900 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.			
trometamol	None.			
Biological exposure indices				
No exposure indices known.				
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.			



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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<u>Appearance</u>							
Physical state	Liquid.						
Color	Colorless.						
Odor	Alcohol-like.						
Odor threshold	Not available.						
рН	5.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (%	6 w/w): 100%	6]				
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	,	-				
Boiling point, initial boiling	Not available.						
point, and boiling range							
Flash point	Closed cup: 39 to 4	0°C (102.21	to 104°F)				
Burning time	Not applicable.						
Burning rate	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	Not available.						
Flammability	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive	Not available.						
(flammable) limits							
Vapor pressure	Not available.						
		Va	por Pressu	re at 20°C	Va	apor press	ure at 50°C
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	ethanol	42.95	5.7				
	water	23.8	3.2				
Relative vapor density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							
	Media	F	Result				
	cold water	E	asily soluble				
	hot water	E	asily soluble				
Solubility in water	Not available.						
Miscible with water	Yes.						
Partition coefficient: n-octanc water	ol/ Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.						
	Ingredient name		°C	°F	М	ethod	
	ethanol		455	851	DI	N 51794	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.						
SADT	Not available.						
Viscosity	Not available.						
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.						
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	Not applicable.						
Section 10. Stability a	nd reactivity						
Reactivity	No specific test data	a related to	reactivity ava	ailable for this pr	oduct or its i	ingredients	
Chemical stability	The product is stab	le.					
Possibility of hazardous	Under normal cond	itions of stor	age and use	e, hazardous rea	ctions will no	ot occur.	
reactions							
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder,						
Incompatible materials		drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:					
	oxidizing materials						
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal cond	itions of stor	age and use	e, hazardous deo	composition	products sl	nould not be
products	produced.						



Section 11. Toxicological information

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<u>Acute toxicity</u> Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u> Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity Not available.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (s Not available.	<u>ingle exposure)</u>			
Specific target organ toxicity (r Not available.	epeated exposure)			
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
formation on the likely routes f exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral,	Dermal, Inhalation, E	yes.	
otential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	No known significant effects or cr	itical hazards.		
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	No known significant effects or cr	itical hazards.		
ymptoms related to the physica	I, chemical and toxicological cha	aracteristics		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include t pain or irritation watering redness	he following:		
Inhalation	No specific data.			
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include t irritation redness	he following:		
Ingestion	No specific data.			
elayed and immediate effects a	nd also chronic effects from sho	rt and long term exp	<u>oosure</u>	
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.			
<u>otential chronic health effects</u> Not available.				
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or cr No known significant effects or cr No known significant effects or cr	itical hazards.		
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or cr			

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Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Derma (mg/kg		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg I)
ethanol		7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
Section 12. Ecological ir	nformation					
<u>Toxicity</u>						
Product/ingredient name	Result		S	pecies		Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 mg/l Marine waterAlgae - Ulva pertusaAcute EC50 1074 mg/l Fresh waterCrustaceans - CyprisAcute EC50 9.3 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia nAcute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine waterFish - Alburnus alburChronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine waterAlgae - Ulva pertusaChronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia n		nagna nus	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 21 days		
Persistence and degradability						
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoc	ulum
ethanol	-	100 % - Readily - 2	0 days	-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Phot	olysis		Biodegradabi	lity
ethanol trometamol	-	-			Readily Readily	
Bioaccumulative potential						
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF			Potential	
ethanol	-0.35	0.66			Low	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	Not available.					
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Section 13. Disposal co	nsiderations					
Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the					

environmental protection and vaste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants Not listed (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) Not listed SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

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Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A					
Composition/information on ing	gredients					
Name	%	Classification				
ethanol	20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2				
trometamol	<20	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A				
State regulations						
Massachusetts	-	nponents are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL				
New York	None of the components are listed.					
New Jersey	The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL					
Pennsylvania	The following com	he following components are listed: ETHANOL				
California Prop. 65	e a Safe Harbor wa	rning under California Prop. 65.				
	e a Sale Haidoi wa	ming under Camornia Prop. 65.				
International regulations						
Chemical Weapon Convention	List Schedules I, II					
Not listed.						
Montreal Protocol						
Not listed.						
Stockholm Convention on Pers	istent Organic Pol	lutants				
Not listed.	-					
Rotterdam Convention on Prior	r Informed Consen	t (PIC)				
Not listed.						
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on PO Not listed.	Ps and Heavy Meta	als				
Inventory list						
Inventory list						
United States	All components are active or exempted.					
Canada inventory	All components a	re listed or exempted.				
Section 16. Other inform	ation					
National Fire Protection Associa	<u>tion (U.S.A.)</u>					
	2	Flammability				
	Health 2	0 Instability/Reactivity				
		Special hazards				
Procedure used to derive the cla	ssification					
Classification		Justification				
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor	ту З	On basis of test data				
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	-	Calculation method				
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		Calculation method				
History						
Date of printing	10/17/2023					
Date of issue/Date of revision	10/17/2023					
Date of previous issue	3/6/2023					
Version	7					
Var. 4a abbuar 1-41	sds_author@cytiv					
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxi					
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals					
	IATA = International Air Transport Association					
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container					
		nal Maritime Dangerous Goods nm of the octanol/water partition coefficient				
	MARPOL = Intern	ational Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified				
	by the Protocol of	1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)				
	N/A = Not availab	le				

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References

UN = United Nations Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that

should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

