

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States		
Section 1. Identification		oitor Mix, 1 ml
Catalogue Number	80650123	
Other means of identification Product type	n Not available. Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses	s advised against
Identified uses Analytical chemistry. Laboratory chemicals Scientific research and devel Industrial applications: Analyt	opment tical chemistry. Laboratory use. Sci	entific research and development.
Supplier	Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313	Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593
In case of emergency	INFOTRAC - 24 Hour numbe Outside of the United States,	r: 1-800-535-5053 call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)
Section 2. Hazards id	entification	
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hat 1910.1200).	azardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR
Classification of the substan or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category EYE IRRITATION - Category Percentage of the mixture con	/2
GHS label elements	environment: 2%	
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	Combustible liquid. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		ctive clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and ash thoroughly after handling.
Response	Take off contaminated clothir skin irritation occurs: Get meo several minutes. Remove cor	g and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If lical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for tact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation
Storage	persists: Get medical advice Store in a well-ventilated plac	
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CAS number/other identifiers
CAS numberNot applicable.Ingredient name
α-toluenesulphonyl fluoride%CAS number
329-98-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effe	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physicianIn case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed
person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatmentsNo specific treatment.Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be
dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for contain	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Advice on general Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. occupational hygiene Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Do not store above the following temperature: -20°C (-4°F). Store in accordance with local Conditions for safe storage, regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from including any incompatibilities direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Control parameters	
<u>Occupational exposure limits</u> α-toluenesulphonyl fluoride	None.
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>							
Physical state	Liquid.						
Color	Colorless.						
Odor	Odorless.						
Odor threshold	Not available.						
рН	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.						
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	Not available.						
Flash point	Closed cup: 61 to	93.3°C (141.8	3 to 199.9°l	F)			
Burning time	Not applicable.						
Burning rate	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	Not available.						
Flammability	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.						
Vapor pressure	Not available.						
		Va	por Press	ure at 20°C	Va	por pres	sure at 50°C
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	dimethyl sulfoxide	0.42	0.056	EU A.4			
Relative vapor density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							
	Media	F	Result				

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	cold water hot water diethyl ether acetone	Easily soluble Easily soluble Easily soluble Easily soluble			
Solubility in water	Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n-octano water	I/ Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.				
	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
	dimethyl sulfoxide	300 to 302	572 to 575.6		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.				
SADT	Not available.				
Viscosity	Not available.				
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.				
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	Not applicable.				
Section 10. Stability ar	id reactivity				
Reactivity	No specific test data re	lated to reactivity available	for this product o	r its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	The product is stable.		•	5	
Possibility of hazardous	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				

reactions	onder normal conductors of storage and use, nazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder,
Incompatible materials	drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion Not available.

Sensitization Not available.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Not available.

Carcinogenicity Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Information on the likely routes Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Protease Inhibitor Mix, 1 ml Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.					8065012
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Symptoms related to the physica	-					
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness					
Inhalation	No specific data.					
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms ma	ay include the follow	/ing:			
Ingestion	irritation redness No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effects a		s from short and lo	ona term exi	oosure		
<u>Short term exposure</u>				<u></u>		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Potential chronic health effects						
Not available.						
General	No known significant e	effects or critical haz	zards.			
Carcinogenicity	No known significant e	effects or critical haz	zards.			
Mutagenicity	No known significant e					
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant e	effects or critical haz	zards.			
Numerical measures of toxicity						
Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Protease Inhibitor Mix, 1 ml α-toluenesulphonyl fluoride		5128.8 100	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Section 12. Ecological in	formation					
Toxicity Not available.						
Persistence and degradability Not available.						
Bioaccumulative potential Not available.						
<u>Mobility in soil</u> Soil/water partition coefficient (K	Not available.					
oc) Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Section 13. Disposal con	siderations					
Disposal methods	The generation of was product, solutions and environmental protecti requirements. Dispos contractor. Waste sho requirements of all aut or landfill should only l must be disposed of ir have not been cleaned Vapor from product re	any by-products sh ion and waste dispo e of surplus and not build not be disposed thorities with jurisdic be considered wher n a safe way. Care d or rinsed out. Em	ould at all tir bsal legislatio n-recyclable d of untreate ction. Waste n recycling is should be tal pty container	nes comply with n and any regior products via a lid d to the sewer un packaging shou not feasible. Th ken when handli is or liners may r	the requirement nal local author censed waste of nless fully com uld be recycled is material and ng emptied cor etain some pro-	nts of ity disposal pliant with the Incineration I its container ntainers that iduct residues.



Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as da		sport.		
Section 15. Regulatory i	nformation			
U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exem	pt/Partial exemption: Not determined		
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Ha	zardous Air Pollutants	Not listed		
(HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class	I Substances	Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class		Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	Chemicals)	Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	Chemicals)	Not listed		
SARA 302/304				
Composition/information on in	<u>gredients</u>			
No products were found.				
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.			
SARA 311/312				
Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	- Category 4		
	SKIN IRRITATION - Ca			
	EYE IRRITATION - Cat	egory 2A		
Composition/information on in	-			
Name α-toluenesulphonyl fluoride	% <2	Classification ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3		
a-toldenesuphonyi huonde	~2	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B		
State regulations				
Massachusetts	None of the component	ts are listed.		
New York	None of the components are listed.			
New Jersey	The following components are listed: DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE			
Pennsylvania	Ivania None of the components are listed.			
<u>California Prop. 65</u>				
This product does not require	re a Safe Harbor warning	under California Prop. 65.		
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention	List Schedules I. II & III	Chemicals		
Not listed.				
Mandara I Dandara I				
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Pers	<u>sistent Organic Pollutan</u>	<u>ts</u>		
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention on Prio	r Informed Consent (PIC)		
Not listed.	<u></u>	-		
	_ 			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on PC	<u>Ps and Heavy Metals</u>			
Not listed.				
Inventory list				
United States	Not determined.			
Canada inventory	Not determined.			
Section 16. Other inform	ation			
National Fire Protection Associa	<u>ition (U.S.A.)</u>			
	<u></u> F	Flammability		
	Health 2 0	Instability/Reactivity		
		· ·		

Special hazards

Procedure used to derive the classification



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Classi	fication Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	ry 4 On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method
History	
Date of printing	3/3/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	3/3/2023
Date of previous issue	6/17/2020
Version	7
	sds_author@cytiva.com
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
References	Not available.
Indicates informa	ation that has changed from previously issued version

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Notice to reader

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